# **Medicare Medical Policy**

# **Genicular Nerve Blocks and Nerve Ablation for Knee Pain**

**MEDICARE MEDICAL POLICY NUMBER: 354** 

Effective Date: 12/1/2023 MEDICARE COVERAGE CRITERIA

Next Annual Review: 9/2024

Last Review Date: 9/2023

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**INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE:** Company Medicare Medical Policies serve as guidance for the administration of plan benefits and do not constitute medical advice nor a guarantee of coverage. Company Medicare Medical Policies are reviewed annually to guide the coverage or non-coverage decision-making process for services or procedures in accordance with member benefit contracts (otherwise known as Evidence of Coverage or EOCs) and Centers of Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) policies, manuals, and other CMS rules and regulations. In the absence of a CMS coverage determination or specific regulation for a requested service, item or procedure, Company policy criteria or applicable utilization management vendor criteria may be applied. These are based upon published, peer-reviewed scientific evidence and evidence-based clinical practice guidelines that are available as of the last policy update. Coverage decisions are made on the basis of individualized determinations of medical necessity and the experimental or investigational character of the treatment in the individual case. In cases where medical necessity is not established by policy for specific treatment modalities, evidence not previously considered regarding the efficacy of the modality that is presented shall be given consideration to determine if the policy represents current standards of care.

The Company reserves the right to determine the application of Medicare Medical Policies and make revisions to these policies at any time. Any conflict or variance between the EOC and Company Medical Policy will be resolved in favor of the EOC.

**SCOPE:** Providence Health Plan, Providence Health Assurance, and Providence Plan Partners, as applicable (referred to individually as "Company" and collectively as "Companies").

### PRODUCT AND BENEFIT APPLICATION

#### MEDICARE COVERAGE CRITERIA

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** More than one Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) reference may apply to the same health care service, such as when more than one coverage policy is available (e.g., both an NCD and LCD exist). All references listed should be considered for coverage decision-making. The Company uses the most current version of a Medicare reference available at the time of publication; however, these websites are not maintained by the Company, so Medicare references and their corresponding hyperlinks may change at any time. If there is a conflict between the Company Medicare Medical Policy and CMS guidance, the CMS guidance will govern.

Service	Medicare Guidelines
Conventional (Thermal Non-	Local Coverage Determination (LCD) for Nerve Blockade for
Pulsed) Radiofrequency Ablation	Treatment of Chronic Pain and Neuropathy ( <u>L35457</u> )
(RFA) and Genicular Nerve Block	
(diagnostic and therapeutic)	<b>NOTE:</b> This LCD states the utility of nerve blocks "in the diagnosis and treatment of non-neuropathic pain and specific syndromes mediated by sympathetic nervous system overactivity has been established." This LCD considers diagnostic and therapeutic nerve blocks, including the use of nerve blocks "to evaluate the patient's response" to pain relief options and "longer-lasting or permanent blockade with the application of thermal ( <b>not pulsed</b> ) radiofrequency" to be medically necessary. This LCD does not state some types of pain are excluded from coverage and the diagnosis code list in the LCA includes diagnoses codes
Other Ablative Breadures for	for knee pain.
Other Ablative Procedures for	Company medical policy for Genicular Nerve Blocks and Nerve
The Treatment of Knee Pain	Ablation for Knee Pain
(e.g., cooled RFA, pulsed RFA,	These consises are considered not madically and are
chemical ablation, cryoablation, etc.)	<ol> <li>These services are considered not medically necessary for Medicare based on the Company medical policy. See Policy Guidelines below.</li> </ol>

**IMPORTANT NOTICE:** While some services or items may appear medically indicated for an individual, they may also be a direct exclusion of Medicare or the member's benefit plan. Such excluded services or items by Medicare and member EOCs include, but are not limited to, services or procedures considered to be cosmetic, not medical in nature, or those considered not medically reasonable or necessary under *Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, §1862(a)(1)(A)*. If there is uncertainty regarding coverage of a service or item, please review the member EOC or submit a pre-service organization determination request. Note that the Medicare Advance Beneficiary Notice of Noncoverage (ABN) form **cannot** be used for Medicare Advantage members. (Medicare Advance Written Notices of Non-coverage. MLN006266 May 2021)

#### **POLICY CROSS REFERENCES**

None

The full Company portfolio of Medicare Medical Policies is available online and can be accessed here.

#### **POLICY GUIDELINES**

#### **BACKGROUND**

The nerves supplying the knee are called the genicular nerves, comprising the articular branches of the obturator, femoral, saphenous, common peroneal, and tibial nerves. These nerves provide innervation to the capsule of the knee joint, as well as to the intra-articular and extra-articular ligaments. They are thought to contribute to knee-related pain of various etiologies, including but not limited to degenerative joint diseases such as osteoarthritis, chronic pain including knee pain that exists after total knee arthroplasty (TKA) surgery. Nerve ablation procedures proposed to treat knee pain include, but may not be limited to, the following:

- Radiofrequency ablation (RFA) is a minimally invasive treatment proposed to temporarily reduce pain with various causes. This technique is also known as radiofrequency lesioning, radiofrequency nerve ablation (RFNA), radiofrequency neurotomy, denervation, or rhizotomy. Different types include:
  - Conventional RFA
  - Cooled radiofrequency ablation/denervation (also known as C-RFA)
  - o Pulsed RFA
- Cryoablation. This may also be known as cryosurgery, cryodenervation, cryogenic neuroablation, cryoneurolysis, or cryoanalgesia.
- Chemical ablation, which may also be referred to as chemical neurolysis, chemical denervation or chemodenervation.
- Genicular nerve blocks (GNB). A GNB generally involves the injection of an anesthetic agent (e.g., lidocaine, bupivacaine) and may be performed to determine suitability for RFA.
  - During the procedure radiofrequency (RF) energy delivers heat to the target nerve thereby creating a lesion that stops pain input to the central nervous system. Prior to planning the RFA procedure, a diagnostic genicular nerve block is conducted to ensure that the patient is a suitable candidate for RFA, usually under fluoroscopic or ultrasonographic guidance.

#### **MEDICARE AND MEDICAL NECESSITY**

Only medically reasonable and necessary services or items which treat illness or injury are eligible for Medicare coverage, as outlined in *Title XVIII of the Social Security Act,*  $\S1862(a)(1)(A)$ .

The Company policy for *PHA Medicare Medical Policy Development and Application* (MP50) provides details regarding Medicare's definition of medical necessity and the hierarchy of Medicare references and resources during the development of medical policies, as well as the Plan's use of evidence-based

processes for policy development. In the absence of Medicare coverage policies (e.g., manual, national coverage determination [NCD], local coverage determination [LCD], article [LCA], etc.) which addresses the medical necessity of a given medical service, Medicare regulatory guidelines do allow Medicare Advantage Organizations (MAOs) to make their own coverage determinations.

During the MAO review, an evidence-based process must be used. This includes using authoritative evidence, such as studies performed by government agencies (i.e., the FDA), well-designed clinical studies that appeared in peer reviewed journals, and evaluations performed by independent technology assessment group. (*Medicare Managed Care Manual, Ch. 4, §90.5*) In addition to review of the quality of the body of studies and the consistency of the results, additional consideration may also be given to determine if the evidence can be generalized to the Medicare population.

While the local Medicare contractor – Noridian – has an LCD for nerve blockades used for the treatment of chronic pain or neuropathy, it does not address nerve ablation procedures to treat knee pain, nor does it include all relevant procedure codes (CPT 64454 or 64624). Therefore, Company policy criteria will be applied for medical necessity decision-making for these services.

#### **REGULATORY STATUS**

#### **U.S. FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION (FDA)**

While clearance by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is a prerequisite for Medicare coverage, the 510(k) premarket clearance process does not in itself establish medical necessity. Medicare payment policy is determined by the interaction of numerous requirements, including but not limited to, the availability of a Medicare benefit category and other statutory requirements, coding and pricing guidelines, as well as national and local coverage determinations and clinical evidence.

#### **BILLING GUIDELINES AND CODING**

#### **GENERAL**

See associated local coverage articles (LCAs) for related billing and coding guidance, as well as medically necessary diagnosis coding:

LCA: Billing and Coding: Nerve Blockade for Treatment of Chronic Pain and Neuropathy (A52725)

#### **CPT Code 64640**

The code 64640 is not specific to the procedures and/or indications addressed in this policy. CPT code 64640 will deny as **not medically necessary** when <u>not</u> reported with an ICD-10 code that supports medical necessity for Medicare, as determined by the relevant nerve blockade LCA <u>A52725</u>.

#### CPT Code 0441T

The code 0441T is also not specific to the procedures and/or indications addressed in this policy. Category III code 0441T will be considered **not medically necessary** for the therapies addressed in this

policy when the request is for any of the ICD-10 diagnosis codes present in the <u>Billing Guidelines</u> <u>Appendix</u> below. (See also the separate *Radiofrequency Ablation or Cryoablation for Plantar Fasciitis* (*Medicare Only*) policy for additional non-covered indications).

CODES*		
CPT	0441T	Ablation, percutaneous, cryoablation, includes imaging guidance; lower extremity
		distal/peripheral nerve
	20999	Unlisted procedure, musculoskeletal system, general
	27599	Unlisted procedure, femur or knee
	64454	Injection(s), anesthetic agent(s) and/or steroid; genicular nerve branches, including imaging guidance, when performed
	64624	Destruction by neurolytic agent, genicular nerve branches including imaging guidance, when performed
	64640	Destruction by neurolytic agent; other peripheral nerve or branch
	64999	Unlisted procedure, nervous system
HCPCS	None	

#### \*Coding Notes:

- The code list above is provided as a courtesy and may not be all-inclusive. Inclusion or omission of a code from this policy neither implies nor guarantees reimbursement or coverage. Some codes may not require routine review for medical necessity, but they are subject to provider contracts, as well as member benefits, eligibility and potential utilization audit. According to Medicare, "presence of a payment amount in the MPFS and the Medicare physician fee schedule database (MPFSDB) does not imply that CMS has determined that the service may be covered by Medicare." The issuance of a CPT or HCPCS code or the provision of a payment or fee amount by Medicare does <u>not</u> make a procedure medically reasonable or necessary or a covered benefit by Medicare. (Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 23 Fee Schedule Administration and Coding Requirements, §30 Services Paid Under the Medicare Physician's Fee Schedule, A. Physician's Services)
- All unlisted codes are reviewed for medical necessity, correct coding, and pricing at the claim level. If an unlisted code is submitted for non-covered services addressed in this policy then it will be denied as not covered. If an unlisted code is submitted for potentially covered services addressed in this policy, to avoid post-service denial, prior authorization is recommended.
- See the non-covered and prior authorization lists on the Company <u>Medical Policy, Reimbursement Policy, Pharmacy Policy and Provider Information website</u> for additional information.
- HCPCS/CPT code(s) may be subject to National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI) procedure-to-procedure (PTP) bundling
  edits and daily maximum edits known as "medically unlikely edits" (MUEs) published by the Centers for Medicare and
  Medicaid Services (CMS). This policy does not take precedence over NCCI edits or MUEs. Please refer to the CMS website
  for coding guidelines and applicable code combinations.

#### REFERENCES

None

#### **POLICY REVISION HISTORY**

DATE	REVISION SUMMARY
2/2023	New Medicare Advantage medical policy
12/2023	Annual review; no criteria changes but language revision due to policy changes from "Investigational" to "not medically necessary", update title

## **APPENDICES**

Diagnosis codes for knee pain may include but are not limited to any of the ICD-10 codes listed below. Additional ICD codes may apply.

**Appendix I:** <u>Not</u> medically necessary indications for **CPT 0441T**. (See also the separate *Radiofrequency Ablation or Cryoablation for Plantar Fasciitis (Medicare Only)* policy for additional non-covered indications for this code.)

CODE OR RANGE	DESCRIPTION
M0516	Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of knee
M05161	Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of right knee
M05162	Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of left knee
M05169	Rheumatoid lung disease with rheumatoid arthritis of unspecified knee
M0526	Rheumatoid vasculitis with rheumatoid arthritis of knee
M05261	Rheumatoid vasculitis with rheumatoid arthritis of right knee
M05262	Rheumatoid vasculitis with rheumatoid arthritis of left knee
M05269	Rheumatoid vasculitis with rheumatoid arthritis of unspecified knee
M0536	Rheumatoid heart disease with rheumatoid arthritis of knee
M05361	Rheumatoid heart disease with rheumatoid arthritis of right knee
M05362	Rheumatoid heart disease with rheumatoid arthritis of left knee
M05369	Rheumatoid heart disease with rheumatoid arthritis of unspecified knee
M0546	Rheumatoid myopathy with rheumatoid arthritis of knee
M05461	Rheumatoid myopathy with rheumatoid arthritis of right knee
M05462	Rheumatoid myopathy with rheumatoid arthritis of left knee
M05469	Rheumatoid myopathy with rheumatoid arthritis of unspecified knee
M0556	Rheumatoid polyneuropathy with rheumatoid arthritis of knee
M05561	Rheumatoid polyneuropathy with rheumatoid arthritis of right knee
M05562	Rheumatoid polyneuropathy with rheumatoid arthritis of left knee
M05569	Rheumatoid polyneuropathy with rheumatoid arthritis of unspecified knee
M0566	Rheumatoid arthritis of knee with involvement of other organs and systems
M05661	Rheumatoid arthritis of right knee with involvement of other organs and
	systems
M05662	Rheumatoid arthritis of left knee with involvement of other organs and systems
M05669	Rheumatoid arthritis of unspecified knee with involvement of other organs and systems
M0576	Rheumatoid arthritis with rheumatoid factor of knee without organ or systems
NAOE 764	involvement
M05761	Rheumatoid arthritis with rheumatoid factor of right knee without organ or systems involvement
M05762	Rheumatoid arthritis with rheumatoid factor of left knee without organ or
	systems involvement
M05769	Rheumatoid arthritis with rheumatoid factor of unspecified knee without organ
	or systems involvement
M0586	Other rheumatoid arthritis with rheumatoid factor of knee
M05861	Other rheumatoid arthritis with rheumatoid factor of right knee
M05862	Other rheumatoid arthritis with rheumatoid factor of left knee
M05869	Other rheumatoid arthritis with rheumatoid factor of unspecified knee

M0606 Rheumatoid arthritis without rheumatoid factor, knee M06061 Rheumatoid arthritis without rheumatoid factor, right knee M06062 Rheumatoid arthritis without rheumatoid factor, left knee M06069 Rheumatoid arthritis without rheumatoid factor, unspecified knee M06261 Rheumatoid bursitis, right knee Rheumatoid bursitis, left knee M06262 M06269 Rheumatoid bursitis, unspecified knee M0686 Other specified rheumatoid arthritis, knee Other specified rheumatoid arthritis, right knee M06861 M06862 Other specified rheumatoid arthritis, left knee M06869 Other specified rheumatoid arthritis, unspecified knee M0806 Unspecified juvenile rheumatoid arthritis, knee Unspecified juvenile rheumatoid arthritis, right knee M08061 M08062 Unspecified juvenile rheumatoid arthritis, left knee M08069 Unspecified juvenile rheumatoid arthritis, unspecified knee M0826 Juvenile rheumatoid arthritis with systemic onset, knee Juvenile rheumatoid arthritis with systemic onset, right knee M08261 M08262 Juvenile rheumatoid arthritis with systemic onset, left knee M08269 Juvenile rheumatoid arthritis with systemic onset, unspecified knee M0846 Pauciarticular juvenile rheumatoid arthritis, knee M08461 Pauciarticular juvenile rheumatoid arthritis, right knee M08462 Pauciarticular juvenile rheumatoid arthritis, left knee M08469 Pauciarticular juvenile rheumatoid arthritis, unspecified knee M08.861-M08.869 Other juvenile arthritis, knee M08.961-M08.969 Juvenile arthritis, unspecified, knee Traumatic arthropathy, knee M12.561-M12.569 M12.861-M12.869 Other specific arthropathies, not elsewhere classified, knee M13.161-M13.169 Monoarthritis, not elsewhere classified, knee M13.861-M13.869 Other specified arthritis, knee M174 Other bilateral secondary osteoarthritis of knee M175 Other unilateral secondary osteoarthritis of knee M172 Bilateral post-traumatic osteoarthritis of knee M1710 Unilateral primary osteoarthritis, unspecified knee M1711 Unilateral primary osteoarthritis, right knee M1712 Unilateral primary osteoarthritis, left knee M1730 Unilateral post-traumatic osteoarthritis, unspecified knee M1731 Unilateral post-traumatic osteoarthritis, right knee M1732 Unilateral post-traumatic osteoarthritis, left knee M17.0-M17.9 Osteoarthritis of knee M21.061-M21.069 Valgus deformity, not elsewhere classified, knee Varus deformity, not elsewhere classified, knee M21.161-M21.169 M21.261-M21.269 Flexion deformity, knee M22.00-M22.92 Disorder of patella M23.000-M23.92 Internal derangement of knee Pathological dislocation of knee, not elsewhere classified M24.361-M24.369 M24.461-M24.469 Recurrent dislocation, knee M24.561-M24.569 Contracture, knee M24.661-M24.669 Ankylosis, knee M25.361-M25.369 Other instability, knee

M25.561-M25.569 Pain in knee

M25.661-M25.669 Stiffness of knee, not elsewhere classified

M25.761-M25.769 Osteophyte, knee

M25.861-M25.869 Other specified joint disorders, knee

M66.0 Rupture of popliteal cyst M67.361-M67.369 Transient synovitis, knee

M67.461-M67.469 Ganglion, knee M67.50-M67.52 Plica syndrome

M67.861-M67.869 Other specified disorders of synovium and tendon, knee

M70.40-M70.42 Prepatellar bursitis
M70.50-M70.52 Other bursitis of knee

M71161 Other infective bursitis, right knee
M71162 Other infective bursitis, left knee

M71169 Other infective bursitis, unspecified knee

M71561 Other bursitis, not elsewhere classified, right knee M71562 Other bursitis, not elsewhere classified, left knee

M71569 Other bursitis, not elsewhere classified, unspecified knee

M71.20-M71.22 Synovial cyst of popliteal space M92.40-M92.42 Juvenile osteochondrosis of patella

M92.50-M92.52 Juvenile osteochondrosis of tibia and fibula

M94.261-M94.269 Chondromalacia, knee S80.00XA-S80.02XS Contusion of knee

S83.101A-S83.196S | Subluxation and dislocation of knee

S83.401A-S83.92XS | Sprain of knee

S87.00XA-S87.02XS | Crushing injury of knee

T84.84XA-T84.84XS | Pain due to internal orthopedic prosthetic devices, implants and grafts

Z96.651-Z96.659 Presence of artificial knee joint