# **Medicare Medical Policy**

# **Implantable Loop Recorders**

Effective Date: 9/1/2024

**MEDICARE MEDICAL POLICY NUMBER: 343** 

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE: Company Medicare Medical Policies serve as guidance for the administration of plan benefits and do not constitute medical advice nor a guarantee of coverage. Company Medicare Medical Policies are reviewed annually to guide the coverage or non-coverage decision-making process for services or procedures in accordance with member benefit contracts (otherwise known as Evidence of Coverage or EOCs) and Centers of Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) policies, manuals, and other CMS rules and regulations. In the absence of a CMS coverage determination or specific regulation for a requested service, item or procedure, Company policy criteria or applicable utilization management vendor criteria may be applied. These are based upon published, peer-reviewed scientific evidence and evidence-based clinical practice guidelines that are available as of the last policy update. Coverage decisions are made on the basis of individualized determinations of medical necessity and the experimental or investigational character of the treatment in the individual case. In cases where medical necessity is not established by policy for specific treatment modalities, evidence not previously considered regarding the efficacy of the modality that is presented shall be given consideration to determine if the policy represents current standards of care.

The Company reserves the right to determine the application of Medicare Medical Policies and make revisions to these policies at any time. Any conflict or variance between the EOC and Company Medical Policy will be resolved in favor of the EOC.

SCOPE: Providence Health Plan, Providence Health Assurance, and Providence Plan Partners as applicable (referred to individually as "Company" and collectively as "Companies").

# PRODUCT AND BENEFIT APPLICATION

Medicare Only

### MEDICARE COVERAGE CRITERIA

IMPORTANT NOTE: More than one Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) reference may apply to the same health care service, such as when more than one coverage policy is available (e.g., both an NCD and LCD exist). All references listed should be considered for coverage decision-making. The Company uses the most current version of a Medicare reference available at the time of publication; however, these websites are not maintained by the Company, so Medicare references and their corresponding hyperlinks may change at any time. If there is a conflict between the Company Medicare Medical Policy and CMS guidance, the CMS guidance will govern.

# **Medicare Guidelines** Service

Implantable Loop Recorders (ILR) or Implantable Cardiac Loop Recorders (ICLR) – Initial Placement

For ILRs used for evaluation of unexplained syncope:

National Coverage Determination (NCD): Electrocardiographic Services (20.15)

**NOTE:** According to NCD 20.15, these items may be "used when syncope is thought to be cardiac-related, but is too infrequent to be detected by either a Holter™ monitor or a traditional pre-symptom MLR." Therefore, an implantable loop recorder may be considered medically necessary when both of those requirements are met. For ILRs used for an indication other than unexplained syncope (e.g., evaluation of **cryptogenic stroke**), see Company policy criteria below.

Revision, Replacement or Removal of **Implanted** ILR Devices

For **removal only**:

Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 16 – General Exclusions From Coverage, §180 - Services Related to and Required as a Result of Services Which Are Not Covered Under Medicare

**NOTE:** Even if initial placement of a device did not meet medical necessity coverage criteria and the complication or subsequent medical condition is the result of a prior non-covered service, coverage may be allowed in certain circumstances for the removal of the device.

#### For revision/replacement:

Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 15 – Covered Medical and Other Health Services, §120 - Prosthetic Devices, D. Supplies, Repairs, Adjustments, and Replacement

**NOTE:** Device replacement may be medically necessary if it is required due to the end of battery life, or any other device-related

malfunction. However, a device that did not meet medical necessity criteria when initially placed would have been non-covered, thus any revision or replacement to allow for the *continued* use of the non-covered device would not meet Medicare's general requirements for coverage. Replacement of previously placed medically necessary devices or their components that are nonfunctioning and irreparable (e.g., device malfunction, etc.) may be considered medically necessary in accordance with the above Medicare reference if the item continues to be medically indicated for the reasons given in the NCD above, <u>and</u> is no longer under manufacturer warranty <u>or</u> if the component is not included under the warranty.

**Medicare Coverage Criteria:** "MA organizations may create publicly accessible internal coverage criteria... when coverage criteria are not fully established in applicable Medicare statutes, regulations, NCDs or LCDs." (§ 422.101(b)(6) – see <u>Policy Guidelines</u> below)

- **Medicare Coverage Manuals:** Medicare does not have criteria for implantable loop recorders (ILR) in a coverage manual.
- National Coverage Determination (NCD): ILRs for the evaluation of unexplained syncope are addressed by the NCD noted above; however, the NCD does not provide guidance for the use of ILRs for any other indication. The NCD for *Electrocardiographic Services* (20.15) states, "Certain uses other than those specified above may be covered if, in the judgment of the local Medicare Administrative Contractor (MAC), such use is medically necessary." This NCD is considered "not fully established" under CFR § 422.101(6)(i)(B) as it provides explicit flexibility for coverage decisions beyond the NCD.
- Noridian J-F Local Coverage Determination (LCD)/Local Coverage Article (LCA): As of the
  most recent policy review, no Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs) have LCDs for
  implantable loop recorders.
- Therefore, in the absence of established Medicare coverage criteria in a manual, NCD, LCD, or
  other regulatory guidance for the health plan's service area, Company criteria below are
  applied for medical necessity decision-making. In this case, Medicare coverage criteria are
  considered "not fully established" as defined under CFR § 422.101(6)(i)(B) as the available
  Medicare coverage policies provide flexibility for coverage decisions beyond the NCD.
- **NOTE:** The summary of evidence, as well as the list of citations/references used in the development of the Company's internal coverage criteria, are publicly available and can be found using the Company medical policy link below [CFR § 422.101(6)(ii)(A) and (B)].

For ILRs used for any other indication, including the evaluation of cryptogenic stroke

For ILRs used for any other Company medical policy for Implantable Loop Recorders

- I. This service may be considered **medically necessary** for Medicare when the Company medical policy criteria are met.
- II. This service is considered **not medically necessary** for Medicare when the Company medical policy criteria are not met. <u>See Policy Guidelines below</u>.

**IMPORTANT NOTICE:** While some services or items may appear medically indicated for an individual, they may also be a direct exclusion of Medicare or the member's benefit plan. Such excluded services or items by Medicare and member EOCs include, but are not limited to, services or procedures considered to be cosmetic, not medical in nature, or those considered not medically reasonable or necessary under *Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, §1862(a)(1)(A)*. If there is

uncertainty regarding coverage of a service or item, please review the member EOC or submit a pre-service organization determination request. Note that the Medicare Advance Beneficiary Notice of Noncoverage (ABN) form **cannot** be used for Medicare Advantage members. (Medicare Advance Written Notices of Non-coverage. MLN006266 May 2021)

## **POLICY CROSS REFERENCES**

External Ambulatory Electrocardiography, MP157

The full Company portfolio of Medicare Medical Policies is available online and can be accessed here.

# **POLICY GUIDELINES**

For Medicare, only medically reasonable and necessary services or items which treat illness or injury are eligible for Medicare coverage, as outlined in *Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, §1862(a)(1)(A)*. MA organizations (MAOs) make medical necessity determinations based on coverage and benefit criteria, current standards of care, the member's unique personal medical history (e.g., diagnoses, conditions, functional status, co-morbidities, etc.), physician recommendations, and clinical notes, as well as involvement of a plan medical director, where appropriate. (§ 422.101(c)(1))

#### In addition:

"MA organizations may create publicly accessible internal coverage criteria that are based on current evidence in widely used treatment guidelines or clinical literature when coverage criteria are not fully established in applicable Medicare statutes, regulations, NCDs or LCDs. Current, widely-used treatment guidelines are those developed by organizations representing clinical medical specialties, and refers to guidelines for the treatment of specific diseases or conditions. Acceptable clinical literature includes large, randomized controlled trials or prospective cohort studies with clear results, published in a peer-reviewed journal, and specifically designed to answer the relevant clinical question, or large systematic reviews or meta-analyses summarizing the literature of the specific clinical question." (§ 422.101(b)(6) and Medicare Managed Care Manual, Ch. 4, §90.5)

The Company policy for *PHA Medicare Medical Policy Development and Application* (MP50) provides details regarding Medicare's definition of medical necessity and the hierarchy of Medicare references and resources during the development of medical policies, as well as the Plan's use of evidence-based processes for policy development. In the absence of Medicare coverage policies (e.g., manual, national coverage determination [NCD], local coverage determination [LCD], article [LCA], etc.), Medicare regulatory guidelines do allow Medicare Advantage Organizations (MAOs) to make their own coverage determinations, as long as the MAO applies an objective, evidence-based process, based on authoritative evidence. (Medicare Managed Care Manual, Ch. 4, §90.5)

Since there are not fully established coverage criteria for implantable loop records **for indications other than unexplained syncope** available in applicable Medicare statutes, regulations, NCDs or LCDs, then Company medical policy criteria for these services will be applied.

# **REGULATORY STATUS**

#### **U.S. FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION (FDA)**

While clearance by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is a prerequisite for Medicare coverage, the 510(k) premarket clearance process does not in itself establish medical necessity. Medicare payment policy is determined by the interaction of numerous requirements, including but not limited to, the availability of a Medicare benefit category and other statutory requirements, coding and pricing guidelines, as well as national and local coverage determinations and clinical evidence.

## **BILLING GUIDELINES AND CODING**

#### **GENERAL**

CPT codes 33285 and 33286 are for **implantation or removal** of the implantable loop recorder system.

CPT codes 93285 and 93291 are for in person device evaluation.

CPT codes 0650T and 93298 are for **remote** device evaluation.

HCPCS code C1764 is for the reporting of the **device** and should be used only by facilities (it should **not** be used on professional claims). HCPCS code E0616 may be used for the reporting of the device for inoffice procedures.

CODES*		
СРТ	0650T	Programming device evaluation (remote) of subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor system, with iterative adjustment of the implantable device to test the function of the device and select optimal permanently programmed values with analysis, review and report by a physician or other qualified health care professional
	33285	Insertion, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor, including programming
	33286	Removal, subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor
	93285	Programming device evaluation (in person) with iterative adjustment of the implantable device to test the function of the device and select optimal permanent programmed values with analysis, review and report by a physician or other qualified health care professional; subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor system
	93291	Interrogation device evaluation (in person) with analysis, review and report by a physician or other qualified health care professional, includes connection, recording and disconnection per patient encounter; subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor system, including heart rhythm derived data analysis
	93298	Interrogation device evaluation(s), (remote) up to 30 days; subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor system, including analysis of recorded heart rhythm data, analysis, review(s) and report(s) by a physician or other qualified health care professional
HCPCS	C1764	Event recorder, cardiac (implantable)

E0616	Implantable cardiac event recorder with memory, activator and programmer
G2066	TERMED 12/31/2023
	Interrogation device evaluation(s), (remote) up to 30 days; implantable
	cardiovascular physiologic monitor system, implantable loop recorder system,
	or subcutaneous cardiac rhythm monitor system, remote data acquisition(s),
	receipt of transmissions and technician review, technical support and
	distribution of results

#### \*Coding Notes:

- The code list above is provided as a courtesy and may not be all-inclusive. Inclusion or omission of a code from this policy neither implies nor guarantees reimbursement or coverage. Some codes may not require routine review for medical necessity, but they are subject to provider contracts, as well as member benefits, eligibility and potential utilization audit. According to Medicare, "presence of a payment amount in the MPFS and the Medicare physician fee schedule database (MPFSDB) does not imply that CMS has determined that the service may be covered by Medicare." The issuance of a CPT or HCPCS code or the provision of a payment or fee amount by Medicare does not make a procedure medically reasonable or necessary or a covered benefit by Medicare. (Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 23 Fee Schedule Administration and Coding Requirements, §30 Services Paid Under the Medicare Physician's Fee Schedule, A. Physician's Services)
- All unlisted codes are reviewed for medical necessity, correct coding, and pricing at the claim level. If an unlisted code is submitted for non-covered services addressed in this policy then it will be denied as not covered. If an unlisted code is submitted for potentially covered services addressed in this policy, to avoid post-service denial, prior authorization is recommended.
- See the non-covered and prior authorization lists on the Company <u>Medical Policy, Reimbursement Policy, Pharmacy</u> Policy and Provider Information website for additional information.
- HCPCS/CPT code(s) may be subject to National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI) procedure-to-procedure (PTP) bundling
  edits and daily maximum edits known as "medically unlikely edits" (MUEs) published by the Centers for Medicare and
  Medicaid Services (CMS). This policy does not take precedence over NCCI edits or MUEs. Please refer to the CMS website
  for coding guidelines and applicable code combinations.

### REFERENCES

None

# **POLICY REVISION HISTORY**

DATE	REVISION SUMMARY
9/2022	New Medicare Advantage medical policy (converted to new format 2/2023)
7/2023	Interim update; Removed use of Company policy criteria
9/2023	Annual review; no change to criteria
9/2024	Annual review; add Company policy criteria when ILR is used for evaluation of cryptogenic stroke