Medicare Medical Policy

Surgical Site of Service

MEDICARE MEDICAL POLICY NUMBER: 395

Effective Date: 7/1/2023
Last Review Date: 6/2023
Next Annual Review: 6/2024

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE: Company Medicare Medical Policies serve as guidance for the administration of plan benefits and do not constitute medical advice nor a guarantee of coverage. Company Medicare Medical Policies are reviewed annually to guide the coverage or non-coverage decision-making process for services or procedures in accordance with member benefit contracts (otherwise known as Evidence of Coverage or EOCs) and Centers of Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) policies, manuals, and other CMS rules and regulations. In the absence of a CMS coverage determination or specific regulation for a requested service, item or procedure, Company policy criteria or applicable utilization management vendor criteria may be applied. These are based upon published, peer-reviewed scientific evidence and evidence-based clinical practice guidelines that are available as of the last policy update. Coverage decisions are made on the basis of individualized determinations of medical necessity and the experimental or investigational character of the treatment in the individual case. In cases where medical necessity is not established by policy for specific treatment modalities, evidence not previously considered regarding the efficacy of the modality that is presented shall be given consideration to determine if the policy represents current standards of care.

The Company reserves the right to determine the application of Medicare Medical Policies and make revisions to these policies at any time. Any conflict or variance between the EOC and Company Medical Policy will be resolved in favor of the EOC.

SCOPE: Providence Health Plan, Providence Health Assurance, and Providence Plan Partners as applicable (referred to individually as “Company” and collectively as “Companies”).
PRODUCT AND BENEFIT APPLICATION

☐ Medicare Only

MEDICARE COVERAGE CRITERIA

IMPORTANT NOTE: More than one Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) reference may apply to the same health care service, such as when more than one coverage policy is available (e.g., both an NCD and LCD exist). All references listed should be considered for coverage decision-making. The Company uses the most current version of a Medicare reference available at the time of publication; however, these websites are not maintained by the Company, so Medicare references and their corresponding hyperlinks may change at any time. If there is a conflict between the Company Medicare Medical Policy and CMS guidance, the CMS guidance will govern.

Notes: This policy does not apply to services on the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) Inpatient Only list.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Medicare Guidelines</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Medicare Coverage Requirements and Background</td>
<td>Company criteria for inpatient admission decision-making will be applied; however, in addition to these criteria, Medicare requires clinical judgment be used which takes into account the individual patient’s unique clinical circumstances when making a medical necessity determination with the documentation in the clinical record. See Policy Guidelines for additional information regarding Medicare guidelines.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inpatient Setting Decision-Making</td>
<td>Company medical policy for Surgical Site of Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I. These services may be considered medially necessary for Medicare when the Company medical policy criteria are met.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II. These services are considered not medially necessary for Medicare when the Company medical policy criteria are not met. See Policy Guidelines below.</td>
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</table>

IMPORTANT NOTICE: While some services or items may appear medically indicated for an individual, they may also be a direct exclusion of Medicare or the member’s benefit plan. Such excluded services or items by Medicare and member EOCs include, but are not limited to, services or procedures considered to be cosmetic, not medical in nature, or those considered not medically reasonable or necessary under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, §1862(a)(1)(A). If there is uncertainty regarding coverage of a service or item, please review the member EOC or submit a pre-service organization determination request. Note that the Medicare Advance Beneficiary Notice of Noncoverage (ABN) form cannot be used for Medicare Advantage members. (Medicare Advance Written Notices of Non-coverage. MLN006266 May 2021)

POLICY CROSS REFERENCES

None
The full Company portfolio of Medicare Medical Policies is available online and can be accessed here.

**POLICY GUIDELINES**

**DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS**

In order to review for medical necessity, the following documentation must be provided. If any of these items are not submitted, the review may be delayed and the decision outcome could be affected:

- Medical records to include documentation of all of the following:
  - History
  - Physical examination including patient weight and co-morbidities
  - Surgical plan
  - American Society of Anesthesiologists Physical Classification (ASA-PS) score

**BACKGROUND**

Currently, the scope of this policy is limited to review of select total knee arthroplasty (TKA) and total hip arthroplasty (THA) codes for site of service (place of service or setting) appropriateness; however, procedures other than TKA and THA may be added for site of service appropriateness review in the future. Future additions to this policy will be limited to those not included on the CMS inpatient only list.

Under Medicare, all services must be medically reasonable and necessary under §1862(a)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act in order to be covered. This includes services being provided at the appropriate level of care. Decisions on the setting for healthcare services are based on Medicare requirements and the unique clinical circumstances of the individual receiving the services, as well as nationally recognized guidelines. Factors include, but are not limited to, a “patient's medical history and current medical needs, the types of facilities available to inpatients and to outpatients, the hospital's by-laws and admissions policies, and the relative appropriateness of treatment in each setting.”

For any service not found on the Medicare Inpatient Only list (services eligible for coverage in an outpatient setting), if an inpatient setting is anticipated, clinical documentation must support the medical need for an inpatient place of service for the individual member. CMS does allow the use of “screening instruments” such as InterQual® or MCG™ guidelines, but the use of such tools is not required.

**Inpatient Only Procedures**

For the most current Addendum E published lists, see http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Fee-for-Service-Payment/HospitalOutpatientPPS.

For 2023, the Medicare Inpatient Only list can be directly accessed from the Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment- Notice of Final Rulemaking with Comment (NFRM) 2023 webpage. From here, click the “2023 NFRM OPPS Addenda” download file (you will need to accept “License agreement” when prompted). Once downloaded, open the 2023 NFRM Addendum E.11012021 excel file. (The excel spreadsheet is preferred for viewing purposes over the notepad file, which is also included.)
• Addendum EE is the list of “HCPCS Codes That Would Be Paid Only as Inpatient Procedures.”

For 2022, the above information can be accessed from the Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment-Notice of Final Rulemaking with Comment Period (NFRM) 2022 web page.

For 2021, the above information can be accessed from the Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment-Notice of Final Rulemaking with Comment Period (NFRM) 2021 web page.

Background

CMS developed an “Inpatient Only” or IPO list as a collection of services which CMS has determined are not appropriate to be furnished in a hospital outpatient department. These “Inpatient only” services are generally surgical services “that require inpatient care because of the nature of the procedure, the typical underlying physical condition of patients who require the service, or the need for at least 24 hours of postoperative recovery time or monitoring before the patient can be safely discharged.” There is no payment under the Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment System (OPPS) for services that have been designated as “inpatient only” services. With limited exception, Medicare does not pay for an inpatient only service for individuals registered as an outpatient.³

In 2020, Medicare proposed to eliminate the Inpatient Only (IPO) list over a three-year transitional period, beginning with some 300 primarily musculoskeletal-related services. It was anticipated that the IPO list would be completely phased out by CY 2024, making these procedures eligible to be paid by Medicare when furnished in the hospital outpatient setting when outpatient care is appropriate, while still allowing a service to be payable when furnished in the hospital inpatient setting when inpatient care is appropriate.⁴ However, in 2021 it was determined to reinstate the IPO list and with a few exceptions, add back to the IPO list any services which had been removed in 2021.⁵

Ambulatory Surgical Center (ASC) Covered Services

The yearly updated lists of ASC covered surgical procedures and payment rates are available on the CMS website.

• Addendum AA is the list of “ASC Covered Surgical Procedures.”

Additional procedures may also be included on Addendums BB, as procedures integral to a covered ASC procedure. Under the ambulatory surgical center (ASC) payment system, Medicare makes facility payments to ASCs only for the specific ASC covered surgical procedures on the ASC list of covered surgical procedures. “Covered ASC services are those surgical procedures that are identified by CMS on a listing that is updated at least annually. Some surgical procedures are covered by Medicare but are not on the list of ASC covered surgical procedures.”⁶

Inpatient Admission Decision-Making

According to the Medicare Benefit Policy Manual, Chapter 1 - Inpatient Hospital Services Covered Under Part A, §10 - Covered Inpatient Hospital Services Covered Under Part A, “The physician or other practitioner responsible for a patient’s care at the hospital is also responsible for deciding whether the patient should be admitted as an inpatient… the decision to admit a patient is a complex medical judgment which can be made only after the physician has considered a number of factors, including the patient’s medical history and current medical needs, the types of facilities available to inpatients and to outpatients, the hospital’s by-laws and admissions policies, and the relative appropriateness of
treatment in each setting.” This reference includes additional factors to be considered when making a decision to admit an individual or render services on an outpatient basis.

The *Medicare Program Integrity Manual, Chapter 6 - Medicare Contractor Medical Review Guidelines for Specific Services, §6.5 - Medical Review of Inpatient Hospital Claims for Part A Payment* also provides guidance regarding inpatient admission reviews, specifically addressing the use of “screening instruments” such as InterQual® or MCG™ guidelines. While Medicare does allow for the use of these screening tools, the use of such tools is not required. The Company uses the criteria provided in this policy for inpatient admission decision-making for services that are eligible to be performed on an outpatient basis. Of note, regardless of what tool, instrument or criteria set may be used, Medicare requires clinical judgment be applied to each case, taking into account the patient’s unique clinical circumstances, when making a medical necessity determination with the documentation in the clinical record.

**MEDICARE AND MEDICAL NECESSITY**

Only medically reasonable and necessary services or items which treat illness or injury are eligible for Medicare coverage, as outlined in *Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, §1862(a)(1)(A)*.

The Company policy for *PHA Medicare Medical Policy Development and Application (MP50)* provides details regarding Medicare’s definition of medical necessity and the hierarchy of Medicare references and resources during the development of medical policies, as well as the Plan’s use of evidence-based processes for policy development. In the absence of Medicare coverage policies (e.g., manual, national coverage determination [NCD], local coverage determination [LCD], article [LCA], etc.) which addresses the medical necessity of a given medical service, Medicare regulatory guidelines do allow Medicare Advantage Organizations (MAOs) to make their own coverage determinations, as long as the MAO applies an objective, evidence-based process, based on authoritative evidence. (*Medicare Managed Care Manual, Ch. 4, §90.5*)

*Important Note:* Procedures on the Medicare Inpatient Only List and ASC list of covered surgical services are not guaranteed coverage or payment solely on the basis of inclusion on these lists. When applicable, medical necessity for services will be reviewed using available PHP medical policies.

**REGULATORY STATUS**

**U.S. FOOD & DRUG ADMINISTRATION (FDA)**

While clearance by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) is a prerequisite for Medicare coverage, the 510(k) premarket clearance process does not in itself establish medical necessity. Medicare payment policy is determined by the interaction of numerous requirements, including but not limited to, the availability of a Medicare benefit category and other statutory requirements, coding and pricing guidelines, as well as national and local coverage determinations and clinical evidence.

**BILLING GUIDELINES AND CODING**

**GENERAL**
When billed with **facility code 21** (inpatient hospital) the following codes will require prior authorization. With the exception of CPT 27130, billing with other facility codes will not require prior authorization (CPT 27130 requires prior authorization for any place of service).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CODES*</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hip Arthroplasty Codes</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CPT 27130</td>
<td>Arthroplasty, acetabular and proximal femoral prosthetic replacement (total hip arthroplasty), with or without autograft or allograft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Knee Arthroplasty Codes</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27446</td>
<td>Arthroplasty, knee, condyle and plateau; medial OR lateral compartment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27447</td>
<td>Arthroplasty, knee, condyle and plateau; medial AND lateral compartments with or without patella resurfacing (total knee arthroplasty)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HCPCS</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Coding Notes:*
- The code list above is provided as a courtesy and may not be all-inclusive. Inclusion or omission of a code from this policy neither implies nor guarantees reimbursement or coverage. Some codes may not require routine review for medical necessity, but they are subject to provider contracts, as well as member benefits, eligibility and potential utilization audit. According to Medicare, “presence of a payment amount in the MPFS and the Medicare physician fee schedule database (MPFSDB) does not imply that CMS has determined that the service may be covered by Medicare.” The issuance of a CPT or HCPCS code or the provision of a payment or fee amount by Medicare does **not** make a procedure medically reasonable or necessary or a covered benefit by Medicare. *(Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 23 - Fee Schedule Administration and Coding Requirements, §30 - Services Paid Under the Medicare Physician’s Fee Schedule, A. Physician’s Services)*
- All unlisted codes are reviewed for medical necessity, correct coding, and pricing at the claim level. If an unlisted code is submitted for non-covered services addressed in this policy then it will be **denied as not covered**. If an unlisted code is submitted for potentially covered services addressed in this policy, to avoid post-service denial, **prior authorization is recommended**.
- See the non-covered and prior authorization lists on the Company Medical Policy, Reimbursement Policy, Pharmacy Policy and Provider Information website for additional information.
- HCPCS/CPT code(s) may be subject to National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI) procedure-to-procedure (PTP) bundling edits and daily maximum edits known as “medically unlikely edits” (MUEs) published by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). This policy does not take precedence over NCCI edits or MUEs. Please refer to the CMS website for coding guidelines and applicable code combinations.

**REFERENCES**


POLICY REVISION HISTORY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE</th>
<th>REVISION SUMMARY</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7/2023</td>
<td>New Medicare Advantage medical policy</td>
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</tbody>
</table>